# ARTICLES

To be enquired of within the Diocese of HEREFORD,

In the Second and Ordinary Visitation of the Reverend Father in God.

Lord Bishop of HEREFORD.

The forme of winning & the Eillief Ingeniment.

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burg mothing to profest concerning that head or any of the particus

Alfo we have pot the defeat, and doe prefent, &c.

nome or male to the Delant to the Control of the man write or fiblicite his come name or male to the Delant to the Delant to the Control of t

Printed by THOMAS HARPER. 1640

The Minister and Church wirdens are to call unto them some of the cheise neighbours of the parish, and they together are to read over these Articles, and carefully and conscionably advise and consider what things are to bee presented: then the Church-wardens, and Sidemen are to bring their presentments to the Visitation, and there, upon their oathes to deliver the same up under their hands to the Lord Bishops Officer's.

### The Oath to be ministered to the Church wardens and Sidemen.

You shall sweare, that you, and every of you shall duly consider, and diligently enquire of all and every of these articles given you in charge, and that all affection, favour, hatred, hope of reward and gaine, or seare of displeasure, or malice set aside; you shall present all and every such person, that now is, or of late was within your parish, as hath committed any offence, or made any defaults, mentioned in these or any of these articles; or which are vemently suspected or defaults, mentioned in these or default: wherein you shall deale upsightly and justly; neither presenting, nor sparing to present any contrary to truth: haveing in this action God before your eyes with an earnest zeale, to maintaine truth, and to suppresse yies; so helpe you God, and the holy contents of this booke.

#### The forme of drawing of the Bill of Presentment.

THe Church wardens Presentment is to bee made according to this following forme, or meer unto it as conveniently may be, and to be given up in a sheet of paper.

#### At the Lord Bishop of Hereford's Visitation, beld at the day of Anno Dom, 1640.

WYE the Church-wardens, and Sidemen of the Parish of have deligently perused all the particulars contained in the first head of our Booke of Articles, and we present &c.

And otherwise we have nothing to present concerning that head or any of the particu-

lars in it.

Also we have perused the second, and doe present, &c.

And otherwayes we have nothing to prefent.

And so the third and fourth, &c.

And under all let every Church-warden and Side-man write or subscribe his owne name or marke to the Presentment, and so deliver it. And this Presentment is to bee made, not onely to every head; but so farre as neede requireth, to every Article in particular.

Lby. I no mas farer

# Articles to be enquired of in the Diocesse of Hereford, in the visita-

#### I. Articles concerning Religion and Doctrine.

Dether be there day abiding or relocting to your parily, who have willfully maintained and defended, or do maintaine or befond any heateles, errols, or falle opinions, contrary to the faith of Christ, and holy Secrepture?

2 Whether be there any in your parish that bo impugne any of the 39 Brities of Beligion, agreed upon in and 1 562, and established

in the Church of England.

3 whether is his Majeltes Declaration prefired before thole 39 Srticles, concerning the letting of the Queltions in difference buly observed by all within your parity according to his Majeltes commandement?

4 whether be there any within your parily, that beny, or perfmade any other to beny, withfrand, or impugne the Kings Majelies authority and fupremacy, in caules Occles

Calticall within this Bealme?

of mobether be there any in your parish that hath been of is vihemently suspected to babe been present at any unlawfull assemblies, convenicles, or meetings, under colour of presence of any exercise of ikeligion ? of bo any assume and maintaine such meetings

to be lawfull, contrary to his Majelties lawes in that behalfe ?

outed to be ill-affected in matter of Religion professed in our church, or taken to be tesculant Papilis, refusing to repaire unto the Church to heare divine Dervice, and to receive the holy communion being disobedient to his Wajesties lawes, in that behalfer Or be there any in your parish that have or no publish, sell or disperse any superstitions bookes or writings, or any other seducious or schismaticall bookes, livels, or writings touching the Religion, State, or ecclesialicall government of this kingdome of England? Present their names, qualities and conditions.

# II. Articles concerning publike prayer and administration of the Sacraments.

V hether have any in your partib fpoken, or declared any thing in derogation, of depravation of the forme of Gods worth in established in the Church of England, and administration of the Dacraments, rices, and ceremonies, for forth and preferibed in the book of common prayers. Dr do any preach, speak, or occlare, that it contains

weth any thing that is repugnant to the holy Scripture

2 whether hath any in your parish caused, procured, or maintained any Minister, to say any common or publik proper, or to administer either of the Sacraments, Bay a sisme, or the Lords Supper, otherwise or in any other manner and forme, then is ment tioned in the sayd book of common prayer or whether hath any interrupted, hindred, let, or disturbed the Minister in reading of whine. Service, or administration of the Sacraments, in such manner and sounce, as is mentioned in the said book or duty any interrupted him in his preachings and Sermons?

a whether is the Bacrament of baptilme rightly and duely administred, according to the forme prescribed in the boke of common prayer; with due observation of all rices

The Minister and Church wirdens are to call unto them some of the cheife neighbours of the parish, and they together are to read over these Articles, and carefully and conscionably advise and consider what things are to bee presented: then the Church-wardens, and Sidemen are to bring their presentments to the Visisation, and there, upon their oathes to deliver the same up under their hands to the Lord Bishops Officer's.

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And otherwise we have nothing to present concerning that head or any of the particu-

lars in it.

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LAMONT. VOL

#### Articles to be enquired of in the Diocesse of Hereford, in the visitation holden in the yeare of our Lord, 1640.

#### I. Articles concerning Religion and Doctrine.

bether be there day abiding or relocting to your parity, who have wiffully maintained and defended, or do maintaine or befend any bes telles, errois, or talle opinions, contrary to the faith of Chailt, and holy Scripture ?

2 Whether be there any in your parify that bo impugne any of the 39 Brticles of Beligion, agreed upon in anno 1 562, and eftabliften

in the Church of England.

3 mhether is his Majeltes Declaration prefired before thole 19 Srticles concerning the feeling of the Queltions in Difference buly obler bed by all within your parish, according Dingtobis Baiefties commandement ?

4 Whether be there any within your partly that beny or vertwade any other to beny. withfrand, or impugne the Bings Dajefties authority and Supremacy, in caufes Eccles

Calticall within this Bealme?

s whether be there any in your parish that hath been or is betweently suspected to Dabe ben velent at any unla wfull allemblies, contemicles, og mætings, under colour or pretence of any exercise of Beligion ? or be any affirme and maintaine such meetings

to be lawfull contrary to his Majelties lawes in that behalfe?

6 anbether bee there any abiding of reforting to your parity that are commonly reputed to be ill-affeited in matter of Religion profelled in our church, or taken to be reculant Bapilis, refuling to repaire unto the Church to heare Dibine Serbice, and to receive the holy communion, being disobedient to bis Wajeltes lawes, in that behalfer De be there angin pour parity that have or no publify, fell of difperfe any inperfections bokes of wittings, of any other feditions of fchifmaticall bokes, libels, of writings touching the Beligion, State, oz ecclellafticall gobernment of this kingbome of England ? Brefent their names, qualities and conditions.

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1 7/7/ hether have any in your parith fpoken, or declared any thing in Decogation, o. denzabation of the forme of Gods worlite elablished in the Church of England, and adminiferation of the Sacraments, rites, and ceremonics, fet forth and parferthed in the book of common prayer: Dr bo any preach, fpeak, or occlare, that it confat-

weth any thing that is repugnant to the boly Scripture ?

2 Whether hath any in your parith caufed, procured, or maintained any Minifter, to fay any common or publik prager, or to adminiter either of the Sacraments, Baya sifme, or the Lords Supper, otherwife or in any other manner and forme, then is mens tioned in the fard bok of common prayer e or whether bath any interrupted, hindred, let, of diffurbed the Minifter in reading of Dibine Gerbice, of administration of the Bacraments,in fuch manner and foune, as is mentioned in the fait bok de of hathang interrupted him in his preachings and Dermons ?

to the forme prescribed in the boke of common prayer; with the observation of all rites

and ceremonies prefetibes to be aled to the aunitification of the fame, which ear adding up altering of any partos parcell of any penyons, on theer's profession of cand whether is the figure of the Croffe and the Surplesse alwayes used in the administration of it?

4 whether is the adminifeation of the Sacrament of Baptilme, Deferred longer than till the next Sunday of holyday, immediately following the birth of the chile?

s whether is the Sacrament of Baptiline refuled to be administred to any chile results for any chile results of the parish and they offered unto him to be partised? Of date any such children vied and tied children vied and tied?

6 Whether have the parents of the child baptized, been upinitted to be Governberg and Godworthers to the same? of have any been admitted to be Governberg as Godwo-thers to any child; before they have received the holy communian, contrary to Can. 29? of have any godfathers of godworthers used any other answers of spechin Baptisme, that is by the hooke of common paper appointed to they given unto the children before any have they given unto the children before any have they given unto the children before any have they are not as a continuous children before any have the children before the c

a womether have there any children hen havetire in public hautes . by any im netfon at midwife, of Popily Priest, or by any citier then your awar Winkler and by him
other waves then only in cale of necessity? and have such children thus privately have
tized, and fur viving, becu afterwards brought unto your Ehured, to the intentific congregation and the minister of the partly may be certified. Whether they of any of them.
were lawfully hapitized of no.

8 whether have the children that be be been byine to any poply Reculant in Recular in Reculant in Reculant in Recular in

o. whether hath the diction Sacrament of the Lozds Supper han nauly and redezemily abministred in your Church of Chappell fo oft, and at such condensent times that at least chiese obery years (whereof once at Galter )every parishioner with his want parish being of the age of serve yeares, or upwards, wight receive the lame.

10 whether is the fald blissed Sacrament a liveted unto any or received by any of

the Communicants within pour partib, that bo unreverenty either fit of fland, of that

Do not deboutly and humbly kneele upon their unes

ous in without repentance of any excommunicate persons, of schismaticus, common & motorious denia ders of the inclination and government of this Realme. Softhout unfeigent and wickedness, bein admitted to be parteness of the holy Communicate.

12 toljether hath any of pour parely bem bebatred from the late boly communion softhat full cause, and without intimation first given to the ordinary or Bilbor of the

Diaceffe, and by whole befaut diriginad giod aff an anaip con Rich

III. Articles concerning the Church, the furniture and ornaments thereof

W. Dethet have you in your Church of Chappell, the whole Bible of the largell spinume, and of the last translation; the books of Common player, let forth by an though the two books of Homilies, and Bibon Ichiels Broken, all well and inlessy bands. In Shore of Confictations of Confictations.

Determer have von in vour Church or Chappell, a front of frome, whole and cleane that a court for in the ancient ulual place; a convenient and vecent communion table, which act per of allee, or some verte duste; continually late upon the table at the time of divine Bervice & a faire kinnen coth late thereon at the time of administring the Communion. Ind whether is the same cable placed conveniently, as it ought to be excherted is it to used in, or out of the time of divine service or fermion as is not agraed able to the holy use of it as namely by atting onts or by throwing hats on it, or writing on it; or is it abused to any other excephane use? Ind whether are the ten Communication is a transfer on the Communication of the court of the court of the court of the position of the court of

twhether have you in pour tato church of chappell a convenient seate for your Aginister to read dibune Service in, together with a comely pulpit, set up by it selse and
severed from the said seate in a convenient place, with a vecent cloth of endsion for the
same; a comely large Surplice, a fairs communion cup of alber, and a cover agreeable
to the same; a Flagon of alber, or perfece, with all other things and a rameness recessary
ty to the celebration of ordine Service and admirateration of the Sacramenese
Ind whether have you a chest, wherein to put the almes of the poore, with three locks
and seven unto it, and another chest for the keeping of the books and ornaments of the

church, and the Megister-bons?

That's your a Register book in parchinent wherein to register the islenings, were brings, and Rustalls? and is the same kept in all points according to the canon, and is the childian name of the Mother as well as the father therein burly registred, and is their a cranscript thereof transmitter of very years into the Bilhops principal Research, there to be takehing preserved? Wave you also faire payers with wherein the ty Preacher, which is a stranger, is cosmostribe his name the day he preached, and by Andle authority he is steened, and do you see the same only executed and prohibit all that doe not the same? and have you also a Cable set up in your church, of the degrees;

Wherein by law men are prohibited to marry ?

forage house or Micarage house, and all other houser thereof, and your Barforage house, or Micarage house, and all other houser thereto belonging, your
Barth Almes-house, and Church-booke, in good reparations - and are they
imployed to gooks and their right holy uses. And it any of them bee ruinated
and water, in whome is the default, and is your Church; Chancell, and Chappell, decently and comely kept, as well within as without; and are the seates in
them well mailitance; the steeple and bels preserved, the windowes in no
part Koppen in. Well glazed, the source kept passed, plaine, and then, and all
things there, in affectly and decent tout, wishout values any thing that may bee entire
moreome or instanting for the house of God, as is prescribed in an Homely to that effect,
and the &s canon.

Totalion of your church, and toward the probilion of fuch things as belong theres

whether is cour Church or Chappell-yard well fenced, and kept without abole to knot whole is the nefault? hach any person increasing upon the ground of the problem of the party of the party

bithy or prophane talk, or any other cude and immobelt behaviour in them? have any playes, feaks, Banquets, Suppers, Church-ales, Drinkings, temporal Courts or kets, Lay-juries, Anthers, or any other prophane ulage been luftered to be kept in your Church, Chappell, or Church-yard? Dave any annoyed your Church-yard, or the fence thereot, by putting in of cattell, by hanging of clothes, or by laying any dult, dung, or other lithinelle there? And kept free from Swine, and all other nationally

8 whether are your Church-wardens carefull to take special notice that no bogs be at any time suffered to come into the Church to the diffurbance of divine Dervice, and debotions of the people, and polluting of that holy place, of the Chiftian congregation, and do any of the inhabitants of what condition soeder of of their company bring their dogs to come thither to the prophanation of the house of God, and his

holy worthin.

o what Legacies have been given to the use and benefit of your Church, and how have they been vestowed, who hath received, and detained them without due employment? Whether doth any detain, of embisell, of hath sold and made away any of the Church-gods, at used and employed them otherwise than by Law they ought to have

to whether is your Church full or bacant of an Incumbent. Ind if bacant, who receiveth the fruits thereof, and who ferbeth the cure, and by what apthority and when ther is it a Parfonage, Nicarage, or Donative? To whom both the Parfonage there of belong, and by whole right bid your Pinister come in thereunto, and what is it worth one years with another by common estimation?

have heard of any Church. Chappel or Dratory now demolibed or like to be ruined.

of that is converted to any private, of fecular ule?

pews of build any new feats in your Church. Ind what pews of leats have been for built ? By whole procurement, and by whole authority?

13 Hobether hath any in your partib Defaced of cauled to be Defaced, any monuments

or ornaments in your Church z

14 Whether hath any Popill Reculant being lawfully ercommunicate of any other excommunicated person, ben intered or buried in gonr Church of Church-yard, bestore absolution from that centure and excommunication obtained? Sud if yea, then by whom, and when

is whether be not the profits, tithes, and other commodities Ecclesasticall, belonging to the Parlonage or Aicarage of your parilly, impicully and wickedly, to the difbonour of Almighty God, and prejudice of the lacred Ministery, converted to the use and benefit of coverous Patrons, and by them received and detained, and how long

have they been to uled to your knowledge?

Dechards, Honles, kocks, implements, tenements, and poetions of tithes, whether within your partle of without, belonging to your Parlonage of Mearage, taken by the view of honest men in your said partle? Ind whether is it safely kept and preferbed, and in whose hands? And whether hack there a true copy thereof, under the hands of the Minister and Church-wartens, been transmitted, and into up in the Billiage Registry, there to continue for a perpetual memory thereof? And it you have noticed service yet made, you the Church-wardens and Sidemen, together with your Par-

ton of Micar, of in hig ablence, your Curate, are to make biligent enquiry of the premiles, and to make, fublicitie and figne the late Cerrier, and to bring in a true copp of it into the Bilhops Regiltry, as is aforelate.

# IV. Articles concerning the Ministers of Gods holy word, Lecturers, and Preachers.

VV Pether is your Minister, Parlon, Alcar, or Curte, alicensed Preacher and by whom was he licensed ? Whether is he a Graduate in either of the Anivertities,

yea of no? Ind if he be a Graduate, then of what degree is he?

6 Whether is your Minister a licensed Pleacher yea or no ? Ind if he be licens d, then by whom? Ind whether both he preach usually in his owne Eure, or in seme other Church or Chappell nere adjoyning, where there is no Preacher, once every Sunday, according to the 45 Cannon? Ind if he be not a licensed Preacher, whether both he take upon him in his owne cure or else where, to expound any Scripture or matter of dearins, contrary to the 49 Canon? Ind whether being no licensed Preacher, both he keep himselfe only to the reading of the Homilies published by authority; and bestdes, procure Sermons to be preached amongst you, once every month at least, by such as were lawfully iteensed? and both he or his Curate upon every Sunzbay when there is no Sermon, read some one of the Homilies, prescribed by authority, as he ought to doe?

long time bath he bon to: and where is he relident for the molt part & Ind both he in his ablence make allowance to the pore? and what allowance both he make & hath he any other Benefice? Ind both hee supply his absence by a Curate that is licensed to

preach and what alle wance both he gibe to his Eurate?

4 Whether is your Curate licenfed by the Bilhop of the Diocelle : and whether both your Minifer of curate ferbe any more cures than one : if yea; then what other

cure both heferbe, and bow far are his cures bisant one from the other ?

5 whether hath any being no Minister or Deacon, presumed to reads common prayers openly in your church or chappell, or to serve the cure of your Parish & or whether hath any Deacon, not having received the full order of Priesthod, taken up anhim alone to administer the communion in your church or chappell? you are to present the names of any that have herein offended.

before his or their Hermon, that is prescribed by the 55 canon; therein moving the people, as they are there directed, to joyne with him in proper for Chists holy Cathosick Church, and for the Kings most excellent Majelly, the Namen, the Prince, and the rest of the Royall progeny; clergy, councell, and giving every of them their full Cities,

agin the canon is required, alwayes concluding with the Loads prayer :

Judayes and Holdayes, and other dayes appointed to be obler bed; as wednesdayes and fridayes, and the Eves of every Dunday and Holyday, as fit and usuall times, according to the forme preserved in the Bok of common player? and not he duly viscording to the forme preserved in the Bok of common player? and not he duly viscording to the forme preserved in the faid Bok; as well in reading and publishe prayers and the Letany. as also in administring the Hacrament, solemns Jution of marriage, distation of the sek, burying of the dead, churching of women, and ail

all other like rited and offices of the charch, in such manner and forme as in the laid. Where he common pasper by laid established to enjoyned; without dustion of addition of any thirty.

8 whether doth the Ministerreading d vine Service, and administring the Sacraments and other Utices of the church-alwates weare the Surplice; and doth he never at such that's omit the wearing of the same: And if he de a graduate, whether doth he weare also his Surplice, at such times, such a Hod, as by the other of the Universities

is fatable to bis terre ?

whether both pour parfon or vicar, habing a curate unver him, not with landing read divine Service himselfe, upon two leverall Sundayes in the perce, publickely at the usual times, both in the fore and afternoon, in the church which he pollelleth i and whether both he also administer both Secraments, as often in every years, in such manner and some and with the observation of all such ilites and Ceremonies, as are prescribed in the book of common spaper, in that behalfe?

to whether both your Whitler proached, and kerturer, every yesterof purpole, and expectly teach and declare, the lawfull authority solubiths. Ring hatheber the State both Gettelafteall and Civil, and the just about hangiot all forwards experience, ar just be

cher Verhilt has building only for a receding

tion ober the fame

new and thrange, and dilagreeing from the word of God, and from the Veticles of chullian flatch and Wilgian, agreed on, audqualified Anna Dom. 1562. Und where there doth he teach any thing, which he would have the people religiously to observe and believe, but that which is agreed to the Goriptures, and that which the cather itche frathers and ancient Bishops have gathered out of that destruction and ancient Bishops have gathered out of that destructions are called an according to the cathor.

armes, and use the signe of the crosse in Baptimes. And whether both he ever haptive armes, and use the signe of the crosse in Baptimes. And whether both he ever haptive in any basen, or other bestell, and not in the usual front; and whether hath he referred to while vesused to baptize any Indant in your parish, being in banger of beath, and having been bully ensounce of the weathereste thereof, and whether hath the children by his default without buptismes.

13 which er doth pour Minker of curate often asmonth the people that they pefer not the baptilme of their infants and fonger than the Dunday of tholivag next after they be born, unless upon a great and reasonable cause, deciared to the Minker of Curate, and approved by him, not doth suffer them to be baptized at home, but upon

great danger of beath ? 40 . To

14 toyether hath your Minister admitted any person to unsider an Godather of Godather of Somuther at the Challering of a childe, that hall not before received the hall Communition, whose not able so resire the Lords prayer the encountaindements, the Arts cles of Belufe, and to unside to the Lame, bear required: And both heile the Ann. as so hat hat baptised any child, administly them to busy the child to the Bishop to be considered.

for halfe an house or mose, cateches and college the posthand squaram perform of point parify, in the cen commandements the arcicles of beliefe, and the Apolloge before of Apolloge, and which the central parity is arcicles of beliefe, and the Apollogen of the parity in the form cateches of the month parity and vilgently heart in the arcicles of the cateches in the fact cateches of the parity and vilgently heart in the arcicles of the post of the cateches are the fact cateches of the cateches are post of the cateches

parily feat in due time whto the church by them that bught to fend them; to be tates chiled and infermed by the Minister and if not, you are to prefent the names of those that make befault in sending them, and of thate that use not to come?

animer, where and whenloeber there is no great caule apparant to the contrary, ac-

cording to his Majeties last direction?

17 Whether both your Minister administer the holy communion every moneth, of at least thice in the yeare (whereas once at Galler) to every parishioner in your parish that is 16 yeares of age, and upwards: And whether both he first receive the same himselfe, knowing, on every day that he administreth it to others, administreth it to none, but to such as do knowed at the receiving theref: And whether both he as the words of institution, according to the Bok of common player, without alteration, at every time that the Blead and wine is renewed, according to the 21 Canon? And whether is there warning given by him to the parishioners publikely in the Church, at morning player, the Dunday before every time of his administring of the holy Communion, for their better preparation therunto according to the 22 Canon?

18 Whether hath your Minister admitted anto the holy Communion any of his cure of slock, which be openly known to live in since notezious without repentance, examp that have maliciously and openly contended with their neighbours, before they be reconciled; or any Churchwardens or Didesmen, who having taken their oaths to present to their Didinary all such publike offences, as they are particularly charged to ensquire of, in the parts; have and do not withstanding, wittingly and willingly, desperantly and treligiously incurre the harrible crime of perjury, either in neglecting, or in resturing to present such enormities, and publike offences as they know themselves to be

committed within pour Darth, contrary to the 25 Canon?

19 Whether both your Minister admit unto the Communion, any that refuse to be present at you publike propers; or who are notorious depraders of the book of communion and administration of Sacraments, or of the Orders, littes, and ceremes nies therein preserved, or of any thing contained in the 30 Articles, or in the book of ordering Pricis and Bishops; or who have speken against and depraded his Pases sies soberaigne authority in causes Ecclesisticals, unless they and every of them doe for acknowledge their repensance for their sin and promise to do so no more?

20 Whether both your Minifer of Curate abmit any to the communion, befege

they can fay their catechilme and be confirmed ?

men, take diligent hed and care, not only that all and every of your owne parishioners do receive thice every years; but also that no Grangers of any other Barth dot come often, and commonly to your church from their own Parish Church, less perhaps

they Bould be admitted to receive the communion there ?

22 Wihether both your Minister befozethe severall times of the administration of the Lozds Supper, admonth and exhort his partificances, if any of them have their consciences troubled and disquieted, to resort unto him, or to some other learned Minister, and open their griefe, that they may receive such ghostly countelland comfort, as their conscience may be relieved, and by the Minister they may receive the benear of absolution to the quiet of their conscience, and aboth my of all services. Indicate the any man conselle his secret and hidden sins, being seek, or whole, to the Minister so, the and we conselle his secret and hidden sins, being seek, or whole, to the Minister so, the and we conselle his secret and hidden sins, being seek, or whole, to the Minister so, the and we seek of ministers of him, both he the said Minister, or bath he at any time revealed and make know no to any versey so that so the committed to his trust and secreey conse

Whether hath your Minister solemnized marriage between any person under the age of one and ewenty years, without the consent of their Marents of Governous of thath he married any without a King of intimes prohibited, a swithout the Banen Les published, these several Hundayes of Holydayes, in time of divine Herbites, in the several Churches of Chappels of their several abodes, without a special Licence from the Arth-bishop, or Bishop of the Diocelle, or his Chancellor, live had and obtained?

24 whether both your Minister use the forme of thanksgiving to women after child-bith to hach he admitted therunto any woman begetten with child in adultery,

er tornication, without licence of bis Dibinary ?

25 Doth your Minister carefully loke to the reliefe of the pose; and from time to time call upon his parishioners, to give some what, accessing to their abilities, to goos

by and charitable ules ; especially when they make their wills ?

16 whether both your Minister of Curate relost unto fuch as be dangeroully ficke in your Parith, to intrud and comfost them in their diffrestes, according to the esder of the Bok of common pager: not omitting, then especially, to move them earnestly

to liberality towards the poze ?

27 whether hath your Minister, ever resuled to bury any, who aught to be interred with Chistian buriall, or hath he deserred the same longer then he should? both he go before the Corp's to the grave, and there say the whole Service appointed, or hath he admitted any to Christian buriall, who ought not by the Lawes of the help Church, or of this Realme to be so buried?

18 whether both your Miniker, being a Preacher, and habing any Popill Recufant, or Reculants in your Parily, labour diligently with them from time to time, to reclaim them from their errors ? or other wife is he over-convertant with them or fu-

spected to favour them?

29 whether hath your Minister, or any other, taking upon him the calling of a Minister preached, baptized children, (except in case of necessity) solemnized marriage, churched any women or ministred the holy communion, in any private house or houses, otherwise then by law is allowed; if yea, then where, when, and how often hath he of-

fended in any of the premifits:

30 Mbether both your Pinister, every ar moneths, in your Parish Church opensity in time of divine Hervice, upon some Hunday, denounce, and declare excommunisate, sate, such as do persevere in the sentence of excommunication, not sæking to be absolved and whether hath he said divine Hervice, whilst any excommunicate person hath den present in the Church of hath he admitted any person, that hath den excommunicate, into the Church, without a certificate of his absolution from the Dedinario of hath he sayed or sorborn to denounce any Excommunication of Huspenson, that hath den sent him from his Dedinary?

32 whether hath your Ahinister been at any private Conventicles, to consult there of any course to be taken by them, or by any other upon their motion, which may any way tend to the impeachment or depraying of the doctrine of the Church of England, or of the book of common Prayer, or of any part of the Government and Discipline

now established in the Church of England?

32 Whether both your Minifer, upon Bundayes, at moining Prager, declare unto the parificomers, what Fallingbayes and Polibayes are appointed to be kept the web following, according to the book of common Prayer:

32 whether both your Minifter, in the Mogation-Dayes, goe the perambulation of the circuit of your Parify, laging and using the players, luftages, and thankigibing

to Cob, hippointer by Law, actorbing co his buty, thanking Gob tor bis bleftings, and proping for his grace and favour e

34 Whether both your Parlon of Alicar, maintain and kep in due reparation, the mantion-boule, and other edifices belonging to his Parlonage, of Aicarage, Subbout

fallering them to grow into rains of becap?

35 tobether hath your Mintfler taken upon him, to appoint any pithate os publich falls, preaching, or lecturing, propheties or exercises, not approved and enablides by

Law, or publich authority without licence from bis Dedinary ?

so whether is your Minister Audious in holy Scripture, and abstaineth from mechanicali Crades of labour, not besitting his function; and from apparell unsaming for his calling; using that becency and gravity therein, that is prescribed by the 74 Canon?

any Dimoniacall compact, directly of indirectly? of whether is he reputed to be an inscontinent person, a haunter of Cabernes of Bleshonses, a common gametter, et player at dies, a common sweeter, of dinhard, of otherwise faulty in any other kind that is panished by Ecclesias censure, and scandalous to his function?

once every yere, read over the Confitutions and Canons Ecclesafticall, agree upon by the Clergy of both Provinces, Inno Dom. 1603, in such manner as the same is

commanded to be bane?

bers, either Deacon or Minifter, Doth boluntarily relinquith and foliake his calling,

shis livethin the course of his life as a mare lay-man ?

40 whether are any Pintiters admitred topreach in your Church, who do not, be forethe Church-wardens, subscribe their names in your Bok provided for that purpole; the day when they preached, and the name of the Bishop or Bishops of whom they had beence to greath?

41 Whether both any Preacher, in your pulpit, particularly impugue and confints any botteine belivered by any other Preacher, in the lame Church, or in any Church neere adjourning, before he hath acquainted the Bilbop of the Diocelle therewith, and

received order from him, what to do in that cafe:

42 whether have you and Lecturer in your Parth; and whether, if any luch be, both he twice at the leaft, every years, reads himselfs vivine Service, both mounting and evening, two severall Sundayes publickly, in his Burplice and hood, according to his degree, and also ever it be your administer both Sacraments, with such listes and Ceremonics as are prescribed by the book of common Prayers.

teb by authority, in his Durplice and Dob, before his Leaure, according to his Ma-

tellies late virtation ?

4. whether both your Preacher of Lecturer behave himlelfe in his Lectures and Dermons as he ought to bo, teaching obstience, and editying his auditory in matters of faith and good life, without incormedling with matters of Cate, or other discoults, not the for the Dulpit;

Whether he've you any Lecture of combination let up in your Parily, and if lo subjecter is it read by a company of grave and outbodor Divines, note adjoyning and, in the fame Discellerand worther no they preachin gowns, and not in cloque, according

Plan to this Bosistics into opost?

46 Whether is any fingle Lecturer maintained by a Copposition, fuffered to preach there, he not first professing his willingnesse to take upon him a libing, with cure of soules within that Copposation; not actually taking such herefice preaches, so son as to that be fairly procured for him, contrary to his Majestical all direction:

47' how many Communicatres are therof, within and belenging to pour Parithe

#### V. Articles concerning Matrimony.

W insther he there any in your Parith, that have married within the degrees of affin!=
ty of confanguinity, by the Law of God forbidden, and expelled in a certain table,
published by authority, in Anno 1563 and if any have so married, what he their names?
and where were they married, and by whom?

2 Whether bath any ben married fccretip, in private houfes, or Softhout their pa=

rents of gebernoze confent agnified, being under the age of at peres ?

3 Whether be any perfons lawfully married, libz alunder unlawfully: and in whom

is the befault ?

4 whether have any persons been married, the banes having not been thrice published, three several sundayes or holidayes, in time of othine service, without licence from the Arth-bishop of Bishop of the Diocelle, or his Chancellor? who were present at such marriages, and what Minister married them?

5 Whether have any perfons, by licence, or without, beine married in your Parify Church, neither of them at that time, welling in your town, & not within the houres

of eight and tweibe in the forc-non.

6 What Popith Beculants,oz their childzen, habe ben married in your Parille in

Sohat fort mas that Matrimony folemnizede when, and by Sohom?

at bed and board, as man and wife, with any other man or woman, then with the person, that he and the were married unto? what be their names, when and where were they married, and how long have they fo continued together?

8 Whether have you any in pour parift, which live together as man and wife, and

get not known, by whom, where, or when they were married ?

VI. Articles concerning the Church-wardens and Sidemen.

Whether be the Church-wardens chosen by the Winister and parithioners. accepting to the 39 Canon? And whether bath any taken upon him to be Church-warden, not being so chosen? of hath any continued about one yearem his office, with-out a new choice?

2 whether have the Church-wardens retained any of the Church-gods in their hands, and not made a just account, at their going out of their office, of what they have received, and expended; or not delivered to you their fuccesses, whatfoever money, or

other things belonging to the Church, that remained in their hands ?

3 Do the Church-wardens and Sidemen, or Allistants, diligently is that all the parishioners do ducly resort to the Church upon all Hundayes and Haldayes; and there continue the whole time of divine Service & Sermon; infering no idle persons to walke, or take, or fand idle, either in the Church, Church-pard, or Churchporch, during the time of divine Service or Sermon, but causing them either to come into the Church, et else to depart, and have they the said Church-wardens sorborne either for reward, savor, or affection, to present them that have been, or are negligene in coming

to church estate have ben found by them standing fole, or talking abroad; either in the church pard, or streets, in the time of divine Service, or Sermon, on Sundayes or Hospoges, or that have not received the communion yerely, at the feath of Galter, or with sin one month after, according to the Canon?

the Bilhop, or his chancellour, the names and furnames of all the partitioners, as well men as women, which being of the age of 16 years and upward, received not the

communion at the Cafter befoze ?

5 Whether do the churchwardens probide, against every communion, with the adbice of the Minister, a sufficient quantity of fine white bread, and of good and wholes some wine, for the number of communicants, that are to receive and is that wine brought in a cleane and sweet flanding pot of pewter, or of other finer metall?

6 whether have the churchwardins fuffered the church, church=pard, or chappell, to be profaned, by playes, fealts, banquets suppers, church=ales dinkings, temporall

courts of lets, lay-luries, mufters, ac. aced, hept, of held in them ?

VII. Articles concerning the Parishioners.

VVhether do any in your parish profane the Ropos day or any other Holyday by unlawfull gasting, drinking, or tipling in raverus, innes, or alchouses, in the time of common prayer, or fermon or by washing sooing the works of their trades and occupations: whether do any in your parish, kuy or fell, or keep open their shops or set out any warrs to be sold, upon sundayes, and helydays by themselves, their servants or

apprentices: or have they any otherwise profaned the said bares:

2 Is there any in your parish, that both impugne, or speake against the rites and ceremonies of the Churchof England or the lawfull use of them: or that afternot that the form of making a consecrating Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, examp thing there in contained, is repugnant to the word of God, or that the government of this church, under his Majestie, by Archebishops, Bishops, and other ecclesialical off cera, is Ansticklished or hath any spoken reproachfully or disparcefully, of the Kings Majestics.

courts eccleGafticall, or the proceedings thereof ?

lerbice, or that doe not rederently behave themselves, during the time of divine service, behaving themselves, during the time of divine service, deboutly knowling, when the general confession of since and lowly rederence mandments, and all prayers and collects are read, and using all due and lowly rederence when the blessed name of the Lord Teless is mentioned, and standing up when the ticles of the Belief are reading which do covertheir heads in the church during the time of divine service (unisse it be in case of necessity, in which case they may weare a night cap) or which do then and there give themselves to babling, talking, or walking, and are not attentive to heare Gods wood read or preached

ward, or any other lodging, or commonly resorting to any house in yeares of age and appointed, or any other lodging, or commonly resorting to any house in your parish, wilfully absent themselves from your parish church, or chappell, upon Sundapes and holy dayes, and other dayes appointed, at morning and evening prayers, or resuse the communious and who be come late to Church and depart from thence before divine strictes a sermon be ended; and whether be there any in your parish, that doe persuade others from comming to Church, or from receiving the holy communion, accepting to

his Matellies lawes,in that behalfe enaced.

g whether have you any popish recusant, or recusant s, in your parts, that be of in-folent behabiour, not without publick offences of that to boild buffe them leives in fea

Ducing or withdrawing others, either abroad, or in their owne familles, from the veligis on clabifled in the Church of England?

6 how long have the fayo popill recufants oblinately abstained, either from bla

bine ferbice, or from the communion bether of any long time, or of late only ?

7 Arethere any in your parith, who, not with tanding you have a preaching shink fier, no ablent themselves from his sermons, and resort to other places to heare other Preachers or are there any in your partily, that do communicate, or baptize their chilled in any other parity?

8 whether hath any perfon within pour parith (under Moblemen, and men qualified

by law )any Chaplaine in his houferand if fo, pou fhall prefent their names .

9 Is there any in your parish, who do refuse to have their children baptized, outherns selves to receive the communion, at the hand of your Minister, because hes is no speacher?

neglet to come to church according to the bok of Common Prager, to give thanks to God for her fafe deliberance, in a decent habit, as bath been antiently accultomed?

11 Dabe any in your partib fpoken flanderous and reprochfull words, either against your Mintser, to the seandall of his calling; or against the marriage of Ministers, or their wives; or against their neighbours, besaming them touching any crime of ecclesialical cognisance?

12 whether is the fift dayof Pobember observed & kept in your parish, with prayer and thanksgiving to God, in such forme, as is by publicke authority appointed for

that day ?

13 Whether have you any in your partify that are commonly knowne, or reputed to be bialphemers of Gods holy name, common and usual sweaters, drunkards, sithy speakers, adulterers, fornicators incestious persons, concealers or harbourers of fornicators, or adulterers? have any in your partify been detected of such notocious crimes

and what penance have they bone forthe fame ?

14 What corporali punishment, for any such offences, bath been commuted and changed into a pecuniary mulicior sum of mong, by any ecclesialical Judge errecting instibution within this Ofocele, by bertue of any grant or commission? What was the sum of mony, by any of them so received and taken, and to what uses was the same employed and whether upon such commutations, was the unfeigned repentance of the delinquent published in the Church.

15 Whether do allfathers, mothers, mafters and Mittreffes, cause their children, ferbants, and apprentifes, to come to the catechisms on Sundayes, and holidayes, before evening prayer, to be instructed and taught therein and those that do not their duties

herein, pou fhall prefent their names.

to twhether have any in pour parish received or harboured any woman gotten with child out of wedlocke, and suffered her to depart without punishment first instituted on her by the Dedinary you shall truely present as well the party harboring as harbored, and who is suspected to be the father of the child.

17 Whether is any person of persons suspected, of detected heretofore of incontinentry, and therfore departing out of your parts for a season, is now returned again; of in what place else is he, or the, now abiding to your knowledge, of as you have heard you shall not fathe to present the whole truth in that behalfe.

18 whether are there any lately decealed in your pariff, whole last wils and tella= ments have not yet bein proved ; or did they die intellate e and iffo, who bath taken apon him the administration of their gods and substher by lastfull authoricy from the Widinary or without what he the names of such deceased, and of their executors,

er abministrators ?

to what perfons be excommunicated in your parith, and for what caute, to your knowledg, and how long have they flood excommunicated and whether do any of them, not being absolved, presume to be present in the church, at divine services and whether do any samiliarly use the company of such, as do oblimatly than excommuscat, know a ing the same; and what he their names is

so Whether do you know of any that have abuled the Churchwardens, or lidemen of your parith, or given them evill words, for executing of their office, according as by

oath and duty they are bound :

# VIII. Articles concerning Schoolmasters, Physicians, Chyrurgians, Parish-clerks, and Midwives.

batig there not having ben examined, allowed, and licenced by the Didinary, of the Bilhop of the discellet both any Papill keep a scholmaker in his house, who come meth not to church, to heare divine serveice, and to recive the holy communion what is his name, and how long hath he taught there, of elsewhere doth your scholmaster teach any Papills, of secures children, that come not to Church both he instruct all his scholars, to learne the short catechisms, by law established, and contained in the book of come mon prayer, at the least once overy week is he of honest and sincere life, religion, and conversations is he a graduate, and sufficient to teach, and different in teaching, and by inging up of youth?

2 whether is any thing witholden and other wife imployed that hath ben giben to tha

ule of a schoole in your parish, what is it, by whom is it imbezeled ?.

s what physician or chirurgian have you in your partifi, who not being a Doctor of physicke in either of the Amberlities, both norwithstanding practice physicke, without the licence of the Bishop: what other persons have you among you, either male or female, who take upon them to professe Ohpuicke or Chirurgery and who be Widwides.

in your parish, and whether they be fwome women and licensed thereunto?

4 have you a fit partificierae, aged twenty years at leaft, of honest life, able to read and write? are his, and the fertons wages ducly payd without fraud or diminution, according to the ancient custome of your partificity whom is he chosen is he diligent in his office, and serviceable to the Minister doth he keep the Church clean, and twee located is there any thing lost or spoiled by his default and doth he execute his office ducate, and he take upon him to meddle with any thing above his office as churching of wose wen, burging the dead, or such like?

#### IX. Articles concerning Ecclesiasticall Officers.

V bether are there any ecclesiastical officers, exercising teclesiastical inrisolates on within this diocete, who doe take, receive, or exact any extraordinary fees to any cause?

2. Whether have the Churchwardens and quefimen concealed, and not prefence

any abules of offences, punishable in the ecclesisticall courtres whether have any luch offences, being by them presented to the Chancellor, Erch-descon, Officiality any other using ecclesistical inribution within this diocele, been suppressed by them, or left una

dunified, for bitbe, reward pleature, friendlite, or any other partial refpect ?

indicther are there placed by the Begister, two tables, contaming the several rates and fummes of all fees due to the Judge, and other officers of your Courts; one in the usual place of Conditory where the court is kept the other in his Registry, in such lost as charp man may come to biew the same without dividually? and whether doth the Chancellour, Irchdeacon, of any other officer of minister, exact, of extort any greater fees, of summer of mony than in the said tables are contained?

4 Whether both the Chancellour, Frehbeacon, or Officiall, or any other exerciting institution ecclesialitical within this Diocelle, commute or change any penance, or corporall punishment, for any money, without the consent of the Bilhopeand what money have they, or any of them received for such commutation, and of whom, when, and what was the offence, for which any such sum of money was received or appointed to be paid?

s Whether both the Chancellour, Brebbeacon or DEiciail or any other perfon, uling eccleualicall jurifoicion, freed any actin any caufe, privatly of themfelbes, and not in

the prefence of fome publiche Motary or Manary?

and in what manuer is the countrey overburdened or grieved by them? hath any of them, under pretence of authority cited or summoned any pirson unlawfully, or hath as ny of them taken any reward for the concealing of any offence or sunne, or that the offens bers might escape puntihment? who be they that have so done for doe any of them take any fres that are not usuall? have they threatned any to prosecute them, if they had no reward given them? or doe any of them cause any party to appeare in any eccles assistant court within this Diocesse, wuthout sirls a citation obtained from the Judge of the court?

7 Withether hath any ecclesialticall Judge or officer whatforver, Advocate, Register, Prodour, Clerks, or other such Ministry, any way abused themselves in their offices,

contrary to the lawes and Canons in that behalfe probioed?

Laftly, whether have you and every of you fincerely uprightly, and without any parstail affection and concealment prefenced and made knowne all and every the offenders, in any of the particulars mentioned in the precedent Brickes, exhibited unto you; either as they are taken in truth to be or by common fame reported?

If you know any other matter of ecclefialticall cognizance, worthy the presentment in your judgement and lit to be reformed by ecclefialticall censure, though it be not expressed in these Articles, yet you shall the wife present the same, by bertue of your eaths.

The Ministers of every parish, whether Parlon Aicar, or Curate, are to give their assistance and advice to the Churchwardens and Sidemen in eramining these Articles, and may joyne in Presentment with them, or present themselves, in case they see them carried and negligent, they being the Persons that Could have the chief care for the suppressing of sinne and disorder in their parish, as having the Eure of their soules, committed to their charge.